Global Programme for Migration Data - Ecuadorian perspective
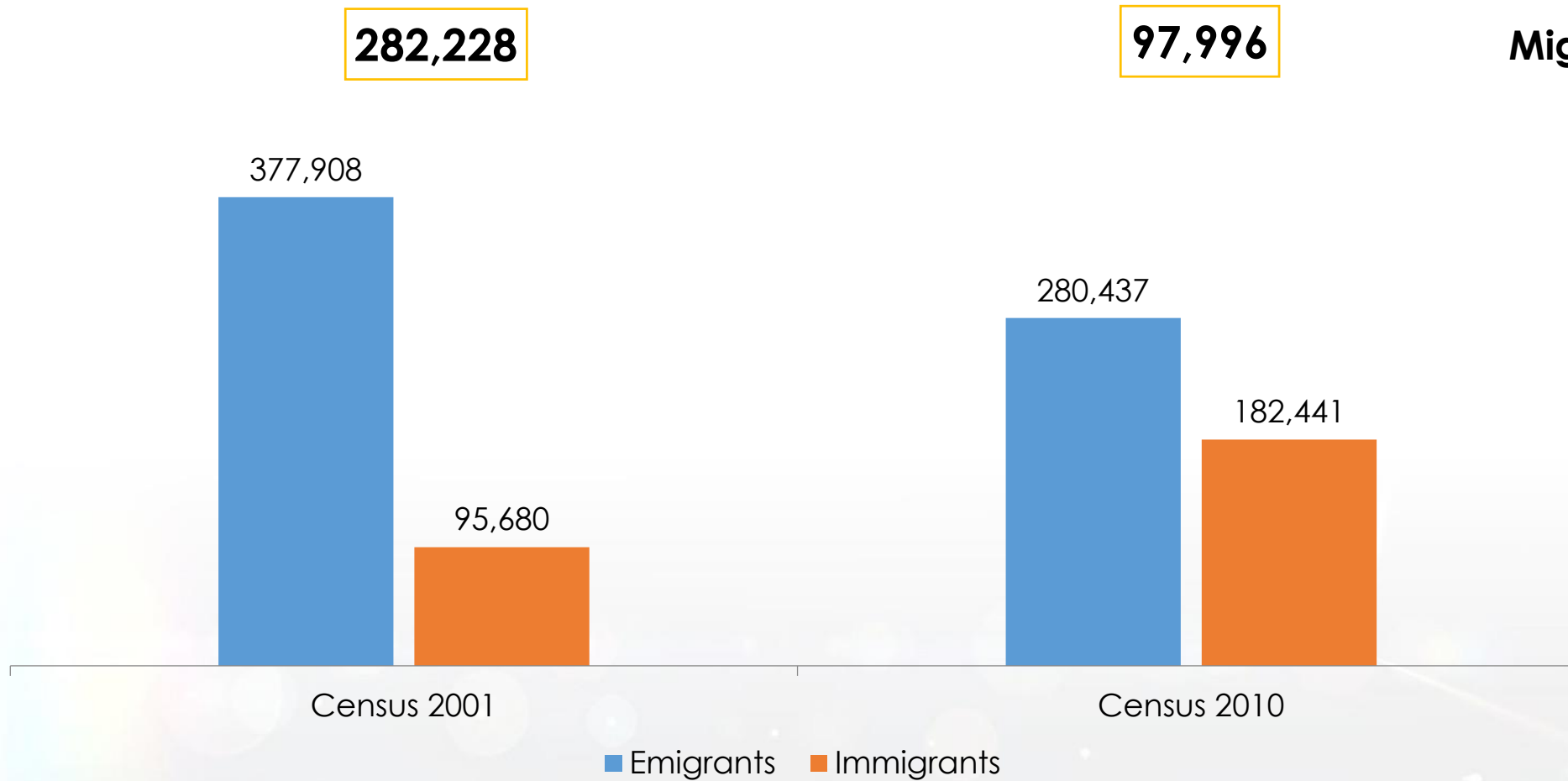
July, 2019

Overview

1. Ecuadorian migration context

2. What are the elements of a Global Programme Ecuador would benefit from the most?

3. How would Ecuador contribute to the Global Programme?

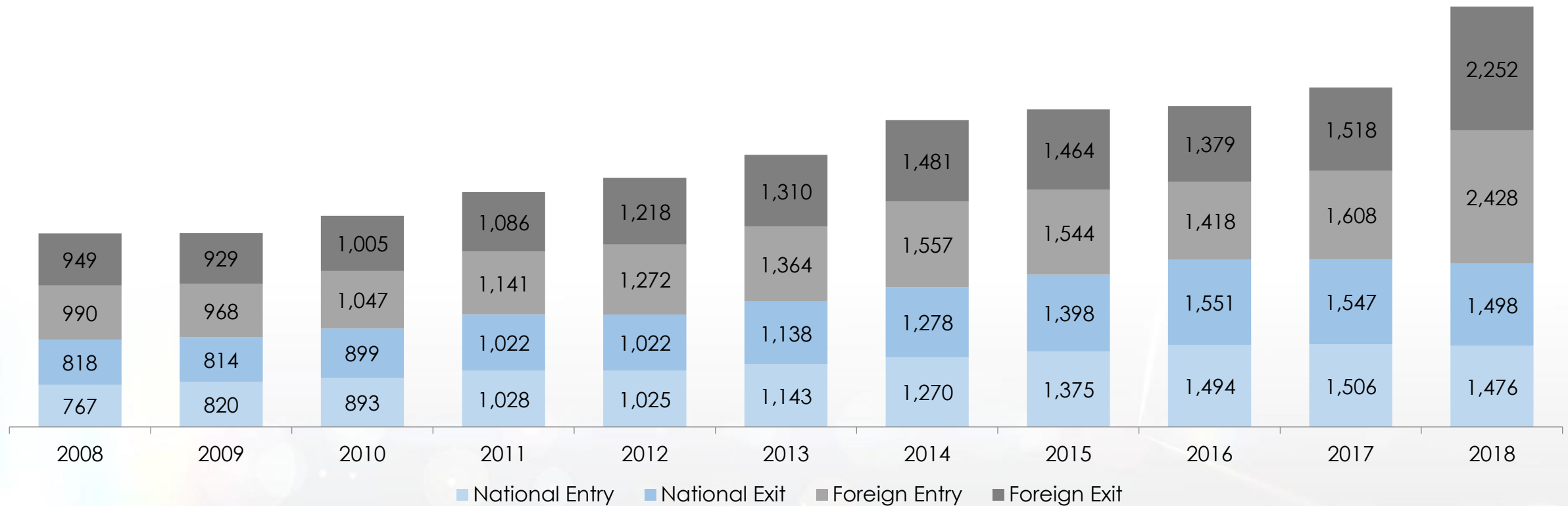# Emigrants and immigrants summary

Population censuses 2001 – 2010

Global Programme for Migration Data

Source: Population census 2001 - 2010

Entry and exit records, 2010 – 2018
(Thousand movements)

Source: Entry and exit records 2008 - 2018
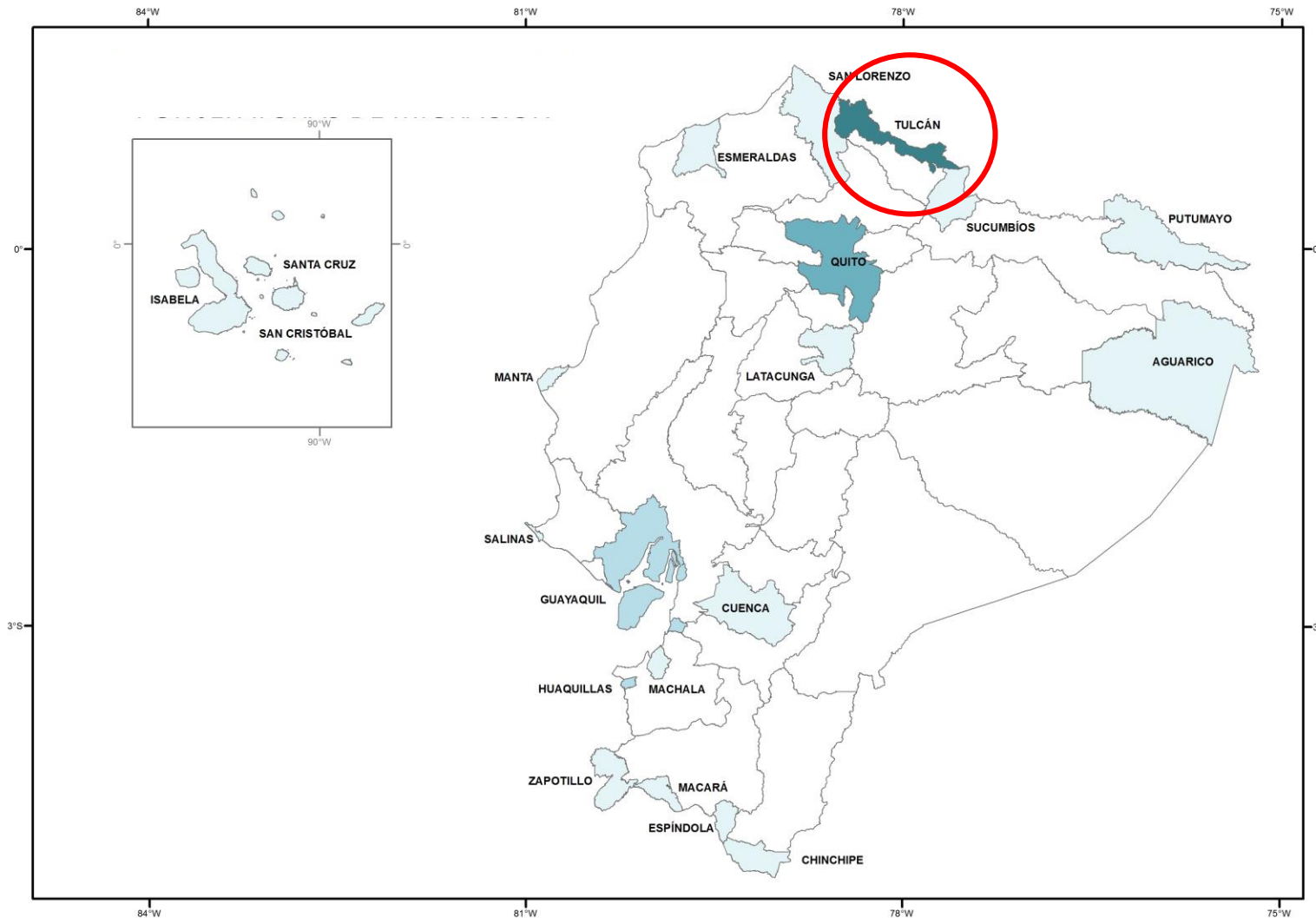
Migration balance of nationals and foreign

Years 2008 - 2017

Note: Migration balance = entry - exit
Source: : Entry and exit records 2008 - 2018

Canton of border control	Entries
Tulcán	997.819
Quito	663.393
Guayaquil	433.842
Huaquillas	212.784
Sucumbíos	74.477
Macará	14.245
Esmeraldas	7.505
Manta	6.317
Zapotillo	4.948
Machala	4.688
Salinas	3.169
San Lorenzo	2.578
San Cristóbal	936
Espíndola	368
Santa Cruz	357
Latacunga	173
Puerto el Carmen del Putumayo	31
Cuenca	25
Chinchipe	2
Isabela	2
Aguarico	1

Foreign exits by place of border control
Year 2018
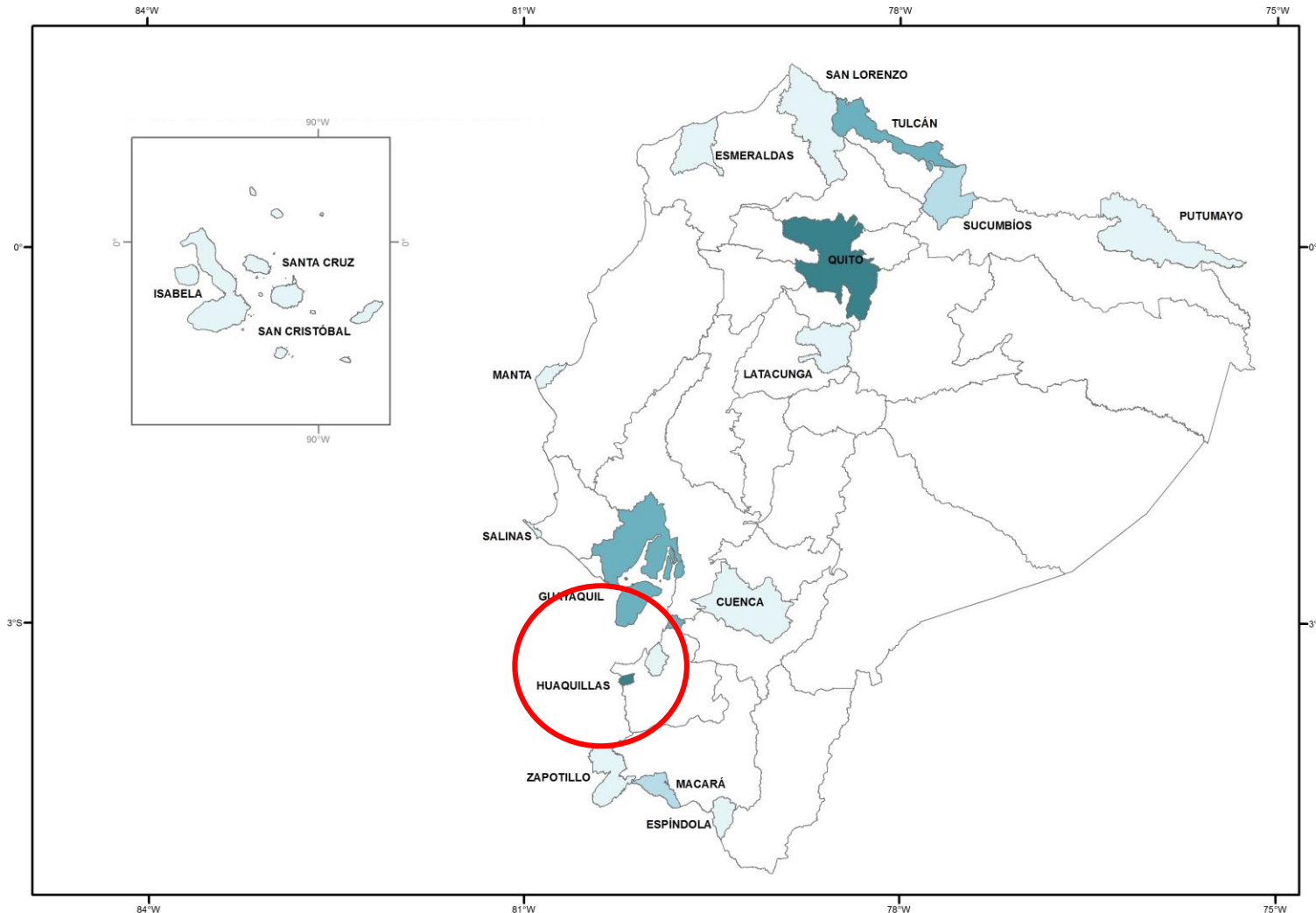
Canton of border control	Exits
Huaquillas	848.167
Quito	626.119
Guayaquil	473.500
Tulcán	242.708
Sucumbíos	19.410
Macará	15.724
Esmeraldas	6.608
Manta	5.433
Machala	4.647
Zapotillo	4.189
Salinas	2.029
San Lorenzo	1.901
Santa Cruz	1.006
Espíndola	322
Latacunga	210
San Cristóbal	194
Isabela	52
Puerto el Carmen del Putumayo	30
Cuenca	14

What are the elements of a Global Programme Ecuador would benefit from the most?

Build and strengthen national capacities to produce migration statistics

Assessing national needs for capacity-building	Harmonizing methodologies for data collection	Integrating traditional data	Introducing non-traditional data sources (big data)
1. Identify gaps in data production (traditional data sources) 2. Identify new data sources (non-traditional) 3. Identify needs for training on data analysis	1. Test and use standard questions on international migration for 2020 census 2. Introduce standard questions and sampling strategies in future surveys	1. Use a framework to integrate administrative data 2. Learn from other countries experiences integrating traditional data 3. Legal framework	1. How to share business data with the statistical office? 2. Integrate traditional sources and big data in order to improve migration data

National migration data strategy
Data analysis for public policy

Global Programme for Migration Data
Outcomes expected

- Measure the stocks and flows of migrants

- Measure accurately the number and characteristics of migrants
    - Vulnerable groups of migrants (refugees , children, etc.)
    - Migrants with irregular status
    - Data at subnational level
    - Migration estimates

- Dissemination and communication strategy

- Evaluate the impact of migration in the national and local economy

- Measure the public service capacity for immigrants necessities

- Report SDG indicators related to migration

- Analyze and use migration data for public policy

- Collaboration between relevant stakeholders at national and international level.

- Measure return migration statistics

Communication strategy to collect migration data

How would Ecuador contribute to the Global Programme?

Implementing standard questions and definitions in 2020 census	Developing new strategies to collect data according to the country context	Strengthening the national migration data strategy	Developing or using frameworks to integrate migration data

Share national experience - case studies and best practices

- Cooperating at regional level with countries with similar migration context and partners

- Participating in the expert group and other initiatives related to migration statistics

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